T-8421A TWIN NEEDLE DIRECT DRIVE LOCK STITCHER

T-8422A

TWIN NEEDLE DIRECT DRIVE LOCK STITCHER WITH THREAD TRIMMER

T-8452A

TWIN NEEDLE DIRECT DRIVE SPLIT NEEDLE BAR LOCK STITCHER WITH THREAD TRIMMER

T-8722A

TWIN NEEDLE DIRECT DRIVE LOCK STITCHER WITH LARGE HOOK AND THREAD TRIMMER

T-8752A

TWIN NEEDLE DIRECT DRIVE SPLIT NEEDLE BAR LOCK STITCHER WITH LARGE HOOK AND THREAD TRIMMER Thank you very much for buying a BROTHER sewing machine. Before using your new machine, please read the safety instructions below and the explanations given in the instruction manual.

With industrial sewing machines, it is normal to carry out work while positioned directly in front of moving parts such as the needle and thread take-up, and consequently there is always a danger of injury that can be caused by these parts. Follow the instructions from training personnel and instructors regarding safe and correct operation before operating the machine so that you will know how to use it correctly.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

1. Safety indications and their meanings

CAUTION

This instruction manual and the indications and symbols that are used on the machine itself are provided in order to ensure safe operation of this machine and to prevent accidents and injury to yourself or other people.

Indications

DANGER The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions may result in death or serious injury.

The instructions which follow this term indicate situations where failure to follow the instructions could cause injury when using the machine or physical damage to equipment and surroundings.

Symbols



This symbol (△) indicates something that you should be careful of. The picture inside the triangle indicates the nature of the caution that must be taken.
(For example, the symbol at left means "however of inium")

(For example, the symbol at left means "beware of injury".)



- ... This symbol (\bigcirc) indicates something that you <u>must not</u> do.
- This symbol () indicates something that you <u>must</u> do. The picture inside the circle indicates the nature of the thing that must be done. (For example, the symbol at left means "you must make the ground connection".)

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2. Notes on safety

A DANGER

Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the face plate of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.



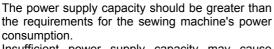
Environmental requirements

Use the sewing machine in an area which is free from sources of strong electrical noise such as electrical line noise or static electric noise. Sources of strong electrical noise may cause problems with correct operation.



Any fluctuations in the power supply voltage should be within $\pm 10\%$ of the rated voltage for the machine. Voltage fluctuations which are greater than this

may cause problems with correct operation.



Insufficient power supply capacity may cause problems with correct operation.

The ambient temperature should be within the range of 5°C to 35°C during use. Temperatures which are lower or higher than this



may cause problems with correct operation. The relative humidity should be within the range of 45% to 85% during use, and no dew formation should occur in any devices.

Excessively dry or humid environments and dew formation may cause problems with correct operation.



In the event of an electrical storm, turn off the power and disconnect the power cord from the wall outlet. Lightning may cause problems with correct operation.

Installation

Machine installation should only be carried out by a qualified technician.

Contact your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician for any electrical work that may need to be done.



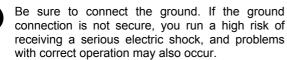
The sewing machine weighs approximately 50 kg. The installation should be carried out by two or more people.



Do not connent the power cord until installation is complete. The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



Turn off the power switch before inserting or removing the plug, otherwise damage to the control box could result.



When securing the cords, do not bend the cords excessively or fasten them too hard with staples, otherwise there is the danger that fire or electric shocks could occur.



If using a work table which has casters, the casters should be secured in such a way so that they cannot move.



Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.



Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result.

Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhea.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

Sewing



This sewing machine should only be used by operators who have received the necessary training in safe use beforehand. The sewing machine should not be used for any applications other than sewing.

Be sure to wear protective goggles when using the machine.

If goggles are not worn, there is the danger that if a needle breaks, parts of the broken needle may enter your eyes and injury may result.



Turn off the power switch at the following times.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

- · When threading the needle
- When replacing the bobbin and needle
- When not using the machine and when leaving the machine unattended

If using a work table which has casters, the casters should be secured in such a way so that they cannot move.

Attach all safety devices before using the sewing machine. If the machine is used without these devices attached, injury may result.



Do not touch any of the moving parts or press any objects against the machine while sewing, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.



Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.



If an error occurs in machine, or if abnormal noises or smells are noticed, immediately turn off the power switch. Then contact your nearest Brother dealer or a qualified technician.



If the machine develops a problem, contact your nearest Brother dealer or a qualified technician.

Cleaning



Turn off the power switch before carrying out cleaning. The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.



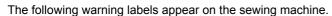
when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result. Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhea.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves

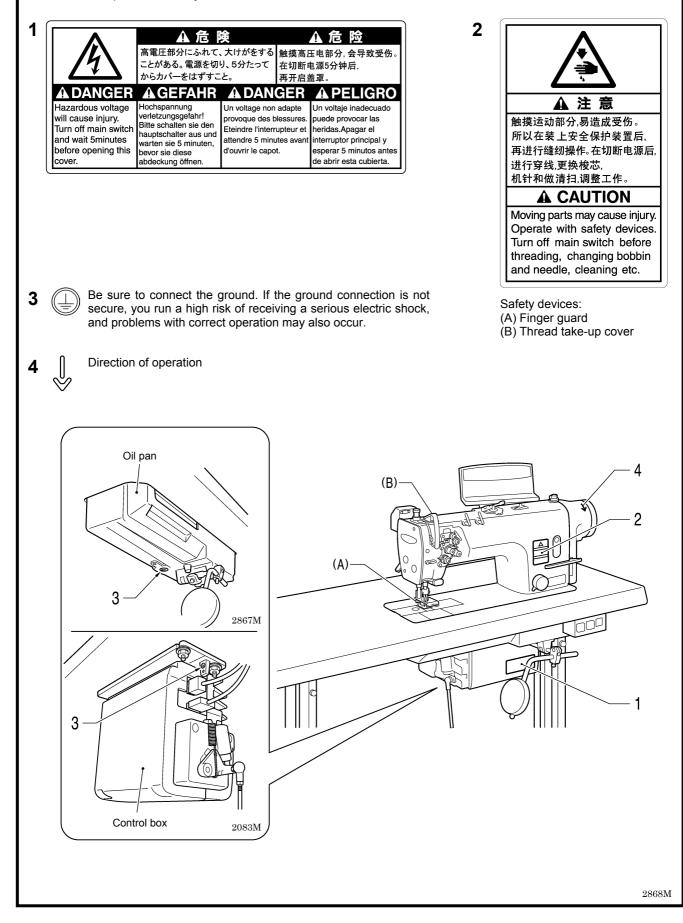
Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

Use only the proper replacement parts as specified by Brother.

3.Warning labels



Please follow the instructions on the labels at all times when using the machine. If the labels have been removed or are difficult to read, please contact your nearest Brother dealer.

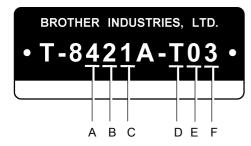


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1. MACHINE SPECIFICATIONS



^		4	7
A	Rotary hook	Standard hook	Large hook

D		2	5
Б	Stitch function	Fixed needle bar	Split needle bar

C		1	2
	Thread trimmer	-	0

		4	Т
D	Quick reverse	0	0
	Thread wiper	0	-

E		0	3
	Lubrication type	Minimum lubrication	Semi dry

		F	3	5
F	Use	For foundation	For light-weight and medium- weight materials	For heavy-weight materials

		-T3F	-T33	-T03	-T05
Max. sewing spee	ed	3,000 rpm	3,000 rpm	4,000 rpm	3,000 rpm
Start backtacking and continuous backtacking speed		250–1,800 rpm			
End backtacking speed		1,000 rpm			
Max. stitch length		4 mm		5 mm	
Presser foot	Lifting lever		7 r	nm	
height	Knee lifter		13	mm	
Feed dog height		1 mm			
Needle (DP×5)		#9–#14	#11-	-#16	#14–#22
Motor		AC servo motor (4-pole, 550W)			
Control circuit		Microprocessor			

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		-403	-433	-405
Max. sewing speed		4,000 rpm	3,00	0 rpm
Start backtack backtacking spe		250–1,800 rpm		
End backtacking	speed	1,000 rpm		
Max. stitch length		4 mm 5 mm		5 mm
Presser foot	Lifting lever	7 mm		
height	Knee lifter	13 mm		
Feed dog height			1 mm	
Needle (DP×5)	#11_#16 #14_#22		#14-#22	
Motor AC servo motor (4-pole, 550W)		N)		
Control circuit		Microprocessor		

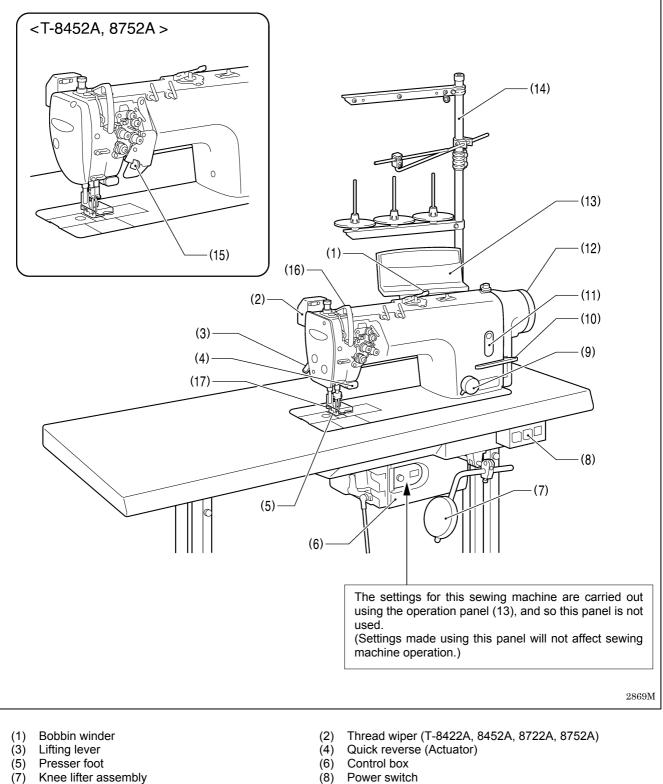
<u>T-8452A</u>

		-403	-405
Max. sewing speed		3,000 rpm	
Start backtacking and continuous backtacking speed		250–1,8	300 rpm
End backtacking	king speed 1,000 rpm) rpm
Max. stitch length		5 mm	
Presser foot	Lifting lever	7 mm	
height	Knee lifter	13 ו	mm
Feed dog height		1 n	nm
Needle (DP×5)		#11–#16	#14–#22
Motor		AC servo motor (4-pole, 550W)	
Control circuit		Microprocessor	

T-8722A, 8752A

		-403	-405
Max. sewing speed		3,000 rpm	
Start backtacking and continuous backtacking speed		250–1,8	00 rpm
End backtacking speed	nd backtacking speed 1,000 rpm) rpm
Max. stitch length		7 mm	
Presser foot Liftin	g lever	7 mm	
height Knee	e lifter	13 r	nm
Feed dog height		1 m	าท
Needle (DP×5)		#11–#16	#14–#22
Motor		AC servo motor (4-pole, 550W)	
Control circuit		Microprocessor	

2. NAMES OF MAJOR PARTS



- (9) Stitch length dial
- Oil gauge window (11)
- Operation panel (13)
- (15) Stop lever (T-8452A, 8752A)

Safety devices

(16) Thread take-up cover

- (10)Reverse lever
- Machine pulley (12)
- Cotton stand (14)
- (17) Finger guard

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3. INSTALLATION



Machine installation should only be carried out by a qualified technician.

Contact your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician for any electrical work that may need to be done.

The sewing machine weighs approximately 50 kg. The installation should be carried out by two or more people.



Do not connect the power cord until installation is complete. The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.

About the machine set-up location

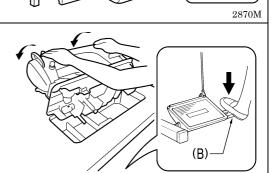
- Do not set up this sewing machine near other equipment such as televisions, radios or cordless telephones, otherwise such equipment may be affected by electronic interference from the sewing machine.
- The sewing machine should be plugged directly into an AC wall outlet. Operation problems may result if extension cords are used.



- The machine should be carried by the arm by two people as shown in the illustration.
 - * Hold the motor cover (A) by hand also so that the pulley does not rotate.

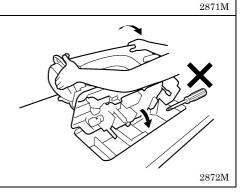
Tilting back the machine head

• Hold section (B) with your foot so that the table does not move, and then push the arm with both hands to tilt back the machine head.



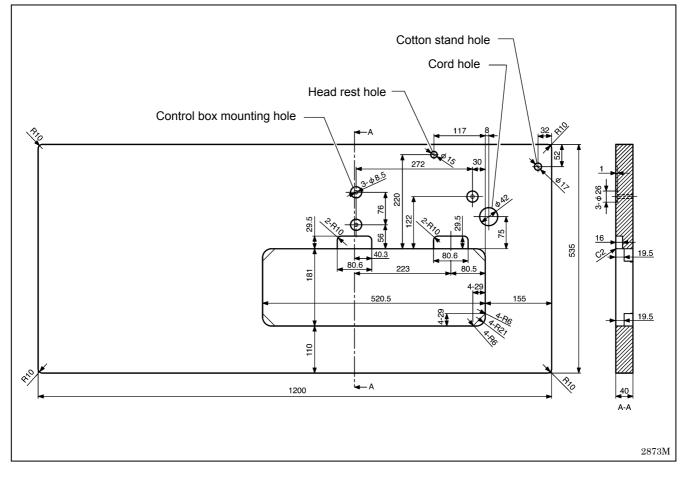
Returning the machine head to the upright position

- 1. Clear away any tools, etc. which may be near the table holes.
- 2. While holding the face plate with your left hand, gently return the machine head to the upright position with your right hand.

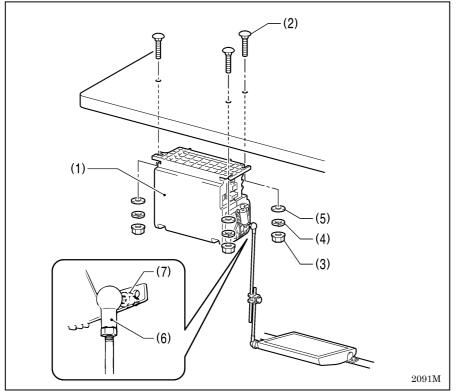


3-1. Table processing diagram

- The top of the table should be 40 mm in thickness and should be strong enough to hold the weight and with-stand the vibration of the sewing machine.
- Drill holes as indicated in the illustration below.



3-2. Installation

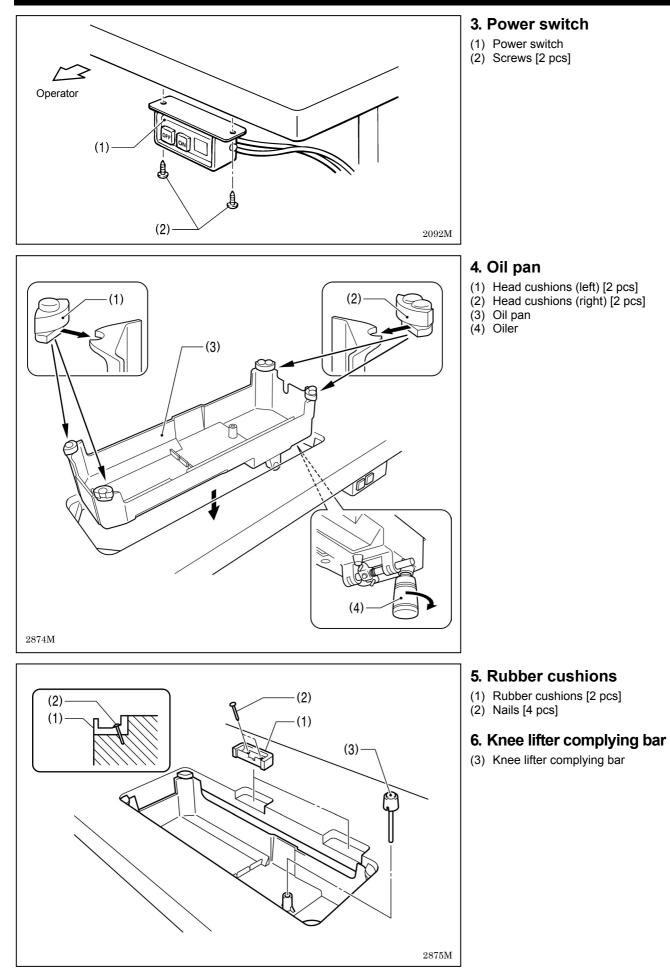


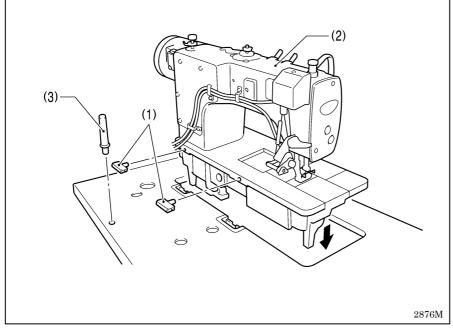
1. Control box

- (1) Control box
- (2) Bolts [3 pcs]
- (3) Nuts [3 pcs]
- (4) Spring washers [3 pcs]
- (5) Washers [3 pcs]

2. Connecting rod

(6) Connecting rod(7) Nut



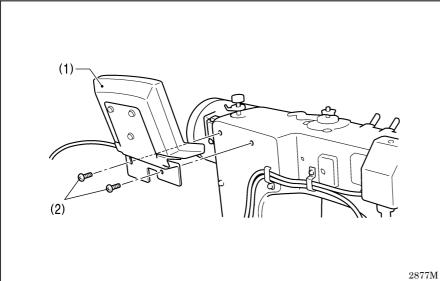


7. Machine head

- (1) Hinges [2 pcs]
- (2) Machine head
- (3) Head rest

NOTE:

Tap the head rest (3) securely into the table hole. If the head rest (3) is not pushed in as far as it will go, the machine head will not be sufficiently stable when it is tilted back.



8. Operation panel

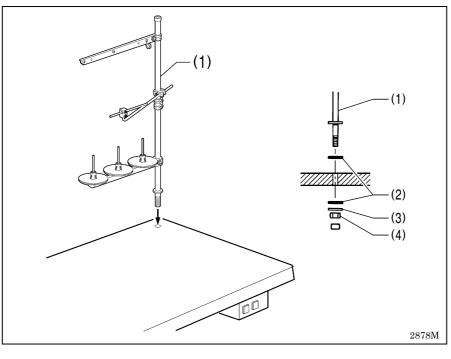
- (1) Operation panel
- (2) Screws [2 pcs](Use for tightening rear cover)



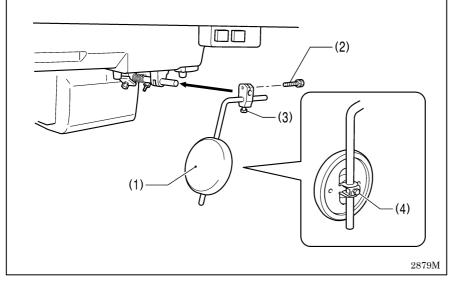
(1) Cotton stand

NOTE:

Securely tighten the nut (4) so that the two rubber cushions (2) and the washer (3) are securely clamped and so that the cotton stand (1) does not move.



10. Knee lifter plate

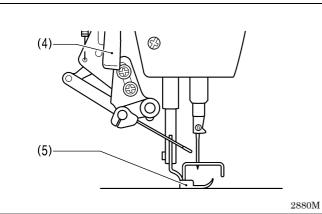


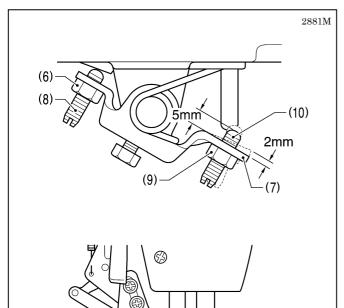
io. Miee inter pia

- (1) Knee lifter plate
- (2) Bolt
- * Loosen the bolt (3) and the bolt (4), and move the knee lifter plate (1) to a position where it is easy to use.

<Knee lifter adjustment>

- 1. Turn the machine pulley so that the feed dog is below the top of the needle plate.
- 2. Lower the presser foot (5) by using the lifting lever (4).





(5)

- 3. Loosen the nut (6).
- 4. Turn the screw (8) to adjust so that the amount of play in the knee lifter (7) is approximately 2 mm when the knee lifter plate (1) is gently pressed.
- 5. Securely tighten the nut (6).
- 6. Loosen the nut (9).
- 7. Turn the screw (10) until the distance between the end of the screw (10) and the knee lifter (7) is approximately 5 mm.
- 8. Turn the adjusting screw (10) to adjust so that the presser foot (5) is at the desired position within a distance of 13 mm of the needle plate when the knee liter plate (1) is fully pressed.
- 9. After adjustment is completed, securely tighten the nut (9).

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Within 13 mm

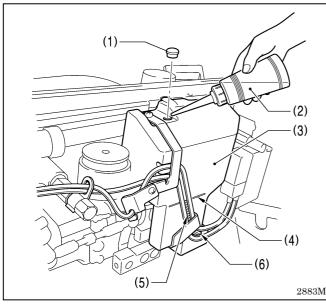
3-3. Lubrication

Do not connect the power cord until lubrication has been completed, otherwise the machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result. Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and diarrhea.

Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

- The sewing machine should always be lubricated and the oil supply replenished before it is used for the first time, and also
 after long periods of non-use.
- Use only the lubricating oil (Nisseki Mitsubishi Sewing Lube 10N; VG10) specified by Brother.
 - * If this type of lubricating oil is difficult to obtain, the recommended oil to use is <Exxon Mobil Essotex SM10; VG10>.



<Lubricating via the oil cover>

- 1. Tilt back the machine head.
- 2. Remove the rubber cap (1).
- Use the accessory oiler (2) to pour lubricating oil into the oil cover (3) until the oil level reaches the reference line (4).

NOTE:

Do not fill with lubricating oil past the reference line (4). If you pour in too much lubricating oil, it may spill out when the machine head is tilted back.

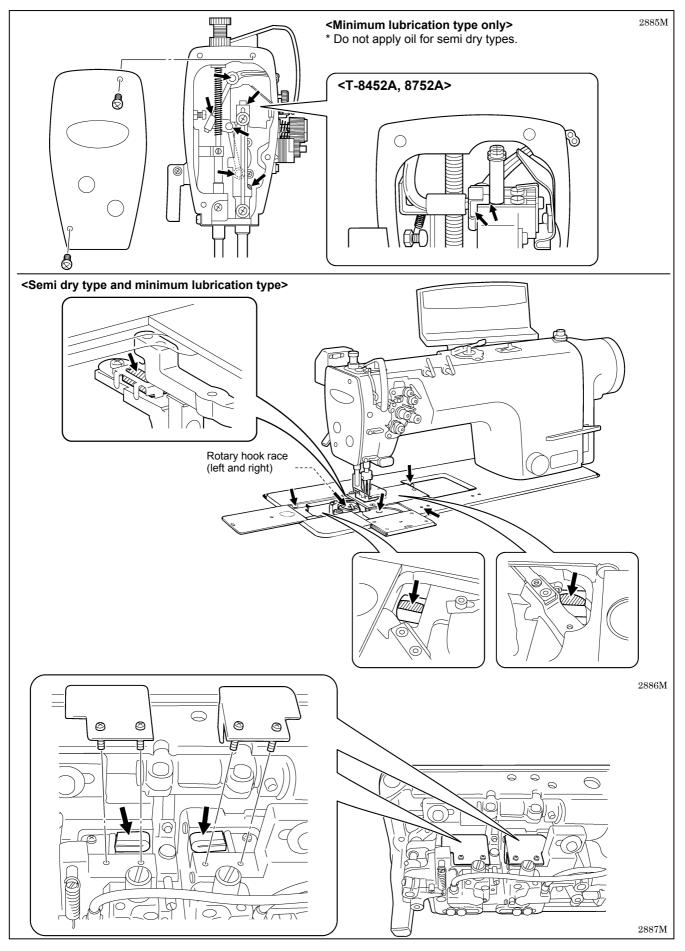
- 4. Replace the rubber cap (1).
- 5. Return the machine head to its original position.
- * If the lubricating oil level drops below the bottom (6) of the oil gauge window (5), be sure to add more oil.

<Lubricating via the oil tank>

- 1. Remove the rubber cap (1).
- 2. Use the accessory oiler (2) to pour in lubricating oil until the oil level reaches the top reference line (4) of the oil gauge window (3).
- 3. Replace the rubber cap (1).
- * If the lubricating oil level drops below the bottom reference line (6), be sure to add more oil.

Lubrication

Apply 1 - 2 drops of oil to the places indicated by the arrows.



3-4. Connecting the cords



Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the face plate of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.

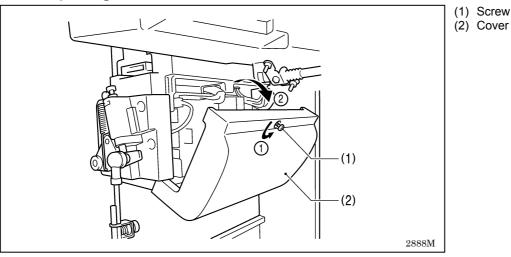
Contact your Brother dealer or a qualified electrician for any electrical work that may need to be done.

Do not connect the power cord until all cords have been connected.

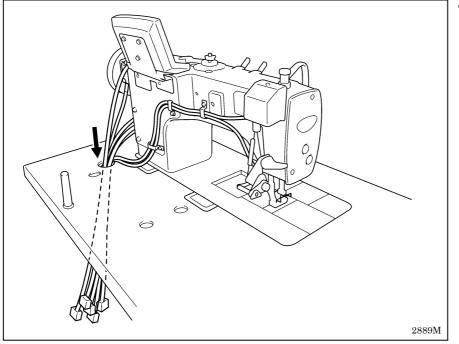
The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Be sure to connect the ground. If the ground connection is not secure, you run a high risk of receiving a serious electric shock, and problems with correct operation may also occur.

3-4-1. Opening the control box cover



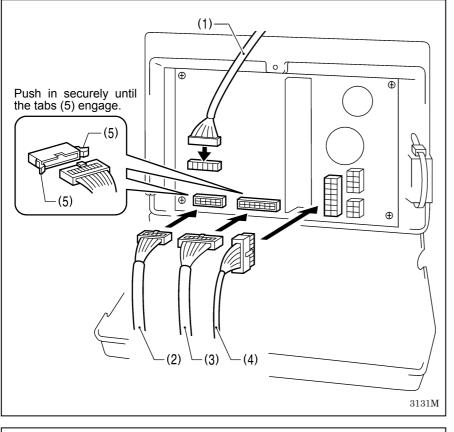
3-4-2. Connecting the cords

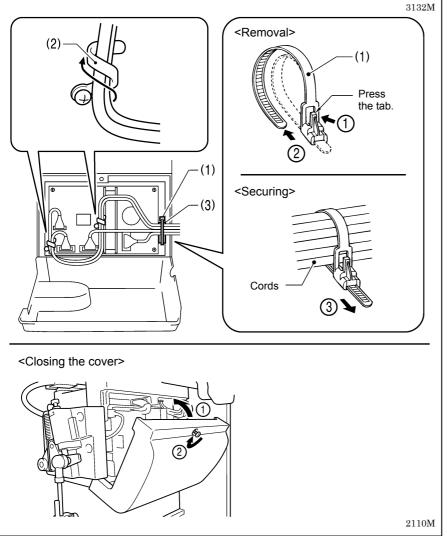


1. Sewing machine cords

- (1) 7-pin head detector unit connector
- (2) 10-pin operating panel connector
- (3) 14-pin encoder connector
- (4) 14-pin machine connector

Refer to the following page for the 4-pin motor connector.



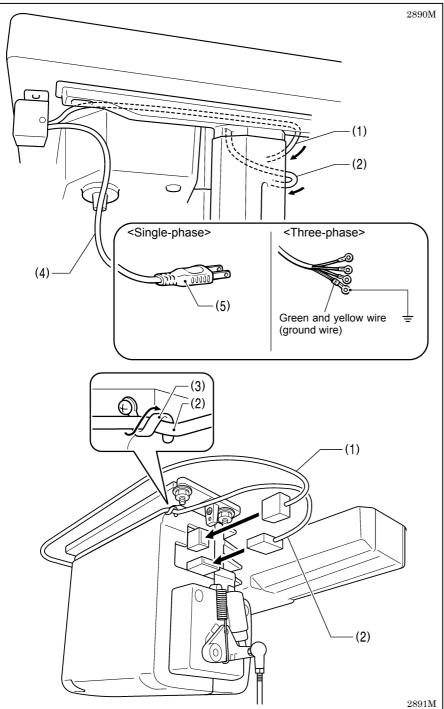


2. Repeat cable tie

- (1) Repeat cable tie
- (2) Wire clip

NOTE:

- Bind the cords in such a way that the connector does not get pulled out.
- All cords that come out from the control box should be secured to the cord holder (3) using the repeat cable tie (1), otherwise vibration from the sewing machine may cause the cords to become disconnected, which can cause problems with the operation of the control box.



3. Other cords

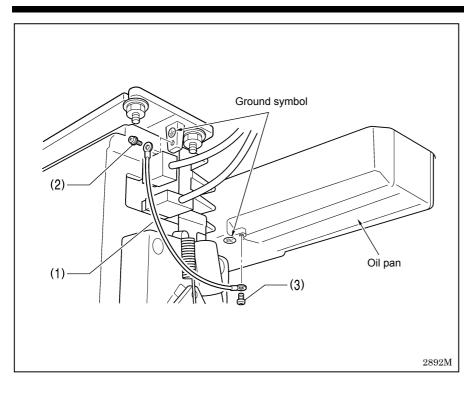
- (1) 6-pin power supply connector
- (2) 4-pin motor connector
- (3) Wire clip
- (4) Power cord

<For single-phase specifications> Insert the power cord plug (5) into a wall outlet.

- <For three-phase specifications>
- 1. Attach an appropriate plug to the power cord (4). (The green and yellow wire is the ground wire.)
- 2. Insert the plug into a properly-grounded AC power supply.

NOTE:

Do not use extension cords, otherwise machine operation problems may result.



4. Ground wire

- (1) Ground wire
- (2) Screw [With washer]
- (3) Screw

NOTE:

Always be sure to connect the ground wire (1), otherwise problems may occur with sewing machine operation.

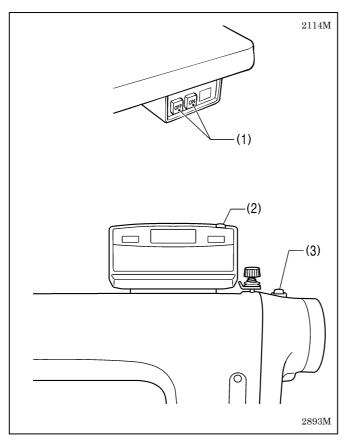
3-5. Test operation (Operating the treadle)



Do not touch any of the moving parts or press any objects against the machine while sewing, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.

CAUTION

4



(4) (A) (B) (C) (D) 2117M

<Turning on the power>

Press the ON power switch (1). The power indicator (2) and (3) will illuminate.

NOTE: When turning the power switch on for the first time The treadle and the operation panel will not operate for approximately four seconds after the power switch is turned on.

After approximately 4 seconds, "iniT rPM" (speed initialization) or "iniT ALL" (full initialization) will be displayed on the operation panel. After "iniT rPM" or "iniT ALL" is displayed, the treadle can be operated. (The operation panel will change to the stitch number display.) This message will not appear the second and subsequent times that the power switch is turned on.

<Test operation>

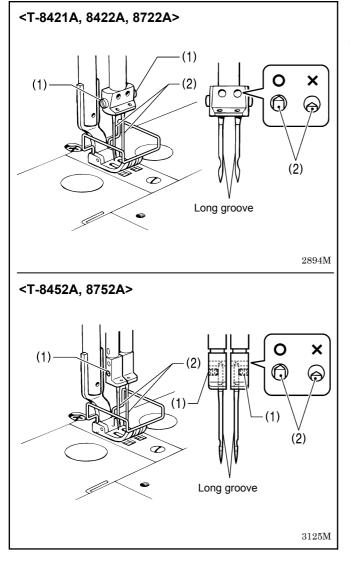
- 1. Check that the machine sews at low speed when the treadle (4) is gently pressed to position (B).
- Then check that it sews at high speed when the treadle (4) is gently pressed to position (C).
- 3. After pressing the treadle (4) forward, check that the needle is lowered to the top of the needle plate when the treadle (4) is returned to the neutral position (A). (when needle down stopping has been set.)
- 4. If the treadle (4) is pressed to position (D), (thread trimming is carried out for models with thread trimmer) and the needle rises above the needle plate and stops.

4. PREPARATION BEFORE SEWING

4-1. Installing the needle

Turn off the power switch before installing the needle.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



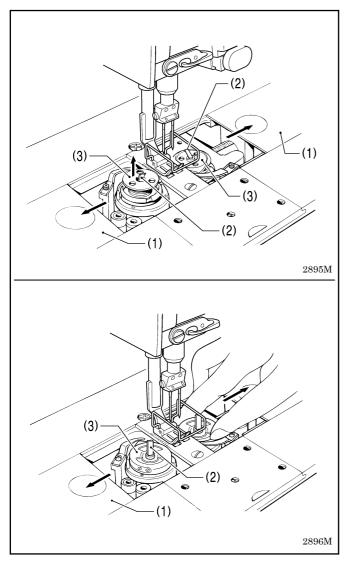
- 1. Turn the machine pulley to move the needle bar to its highest position.
- 2. Loosen the screws (1).
- 3. Insert the needle (2) straight in as far as it will go so that the long groove is facing inward, and then securely tighten the screws (1).

4-2. Removing the bobbin



Turn off the power switch before removing the bobbin.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



<Latch type>

- 1. Open the slide plates (1) by moving them to the right and left.
- 2. Pull the rotary hook latches (2) upward, and them remove the bobbins (3).

<Bobbin case type>

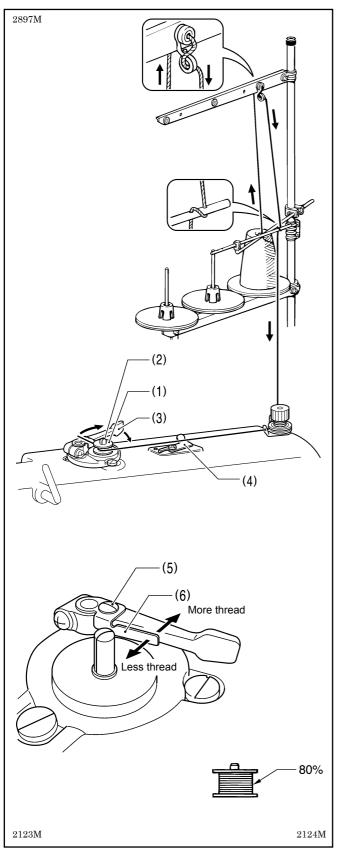
- 1. Open the slide plates (1) by moving them to the right and left.
- 2. Lift up the latch (2) of the rotary hook, and then remove the bobbin case (3).
- 3. Remove the bobbin.

4-3. Winding the lower thread

/



Do not touch any of the moving parts or press any objects against the machine while winding the lower thread, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.



- 1. Turn on the power switch.
- 2. Place the bobbin (1) onto the bobbin winder shaft (2).
- 3. Wind the thread several times around the bobbin (1) in the direction indicated by the arrow.
 - * Check that the thread is not loose anywhere along the thread path.
- 4. Push the bobbin presser arm (3) toward the bobbin (1).
- 5. Raise the presser foot with the lifting lever.
- 6. Depress the treadle. Lower thread winding will then start.
- 7. Once winding of the lower thread is completed, the bobbin presser arm (3) will return automatically.
- 8. After the thread has been wound on, remove the bobbin and cut the thread with the knife (4).

* Loosen the screw (5) and move the bobbin presser (6) to adjust the amount of thread wound onto the bobbin.

NOTE:

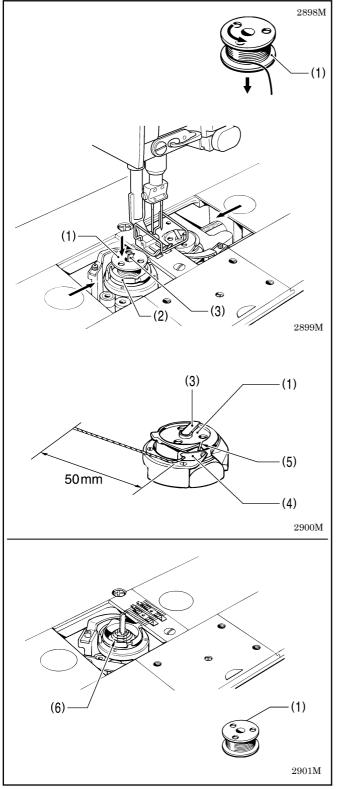
The amount of thread wound onto the bobbin should be a maximum of 80 % of the bobbin capacity.

4-4. Installing the bobbin



Turn off the power switch before installing the bobbin.

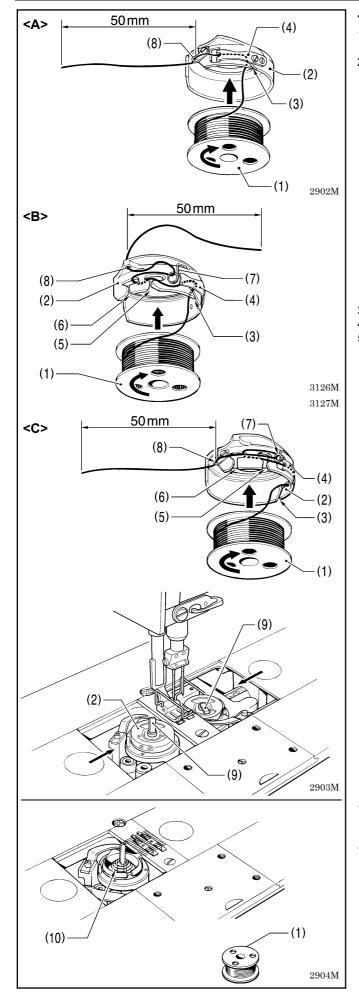
The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.



<Latch type>

- 1. Insert the bobbin (1) into the rotary hook (2) so that the winding direction is as shown in the illustration.
- 2. Return the rotary hook latch (3) to its original position.
- 3. Turn the machine pulley to rotate the rotary hook (2) until the tension spring (4) is visible.
- 4. Pass the thread through slit (5) in the rotary hook and then pass it under the thread tension spring.
- 5. Pull out the thread to a length of approximately 50 mm.
- 6. Close the slide plates.

- There is an anti-spin spring (6) inside the rotary hook. The anti-spin spring (6) prevents the bobbin from racing at times such as during thread trimming.
- Use bobbins (1) made of light alloy as specified by BROTHER.



<Bobbin case type>

- 1. Insert the bobbin (1) into the bobbin case (2) so that the winding direction is as shown in the illustration.
- 2. There are three types of cap (2) (<A>, and <C>). Thread the thread by one of the following methods in accordance with the shape of the bobbin case (2) being used.

<A>

- 1) Pass the thread through slot (3) and under the thread tension spring (4).
- 2) Pass the thread through the thread hole (8) and pull out about 50 mm.

 <C>

- 1) Pass the thread through slot (3) and under the thread tension spring (4).
- 2) Pass the thread through slots (5) and (6), and then through the spring (7).
- 3) Pass the thread through the thread hole (8) and pull out about 50 mm.
- 3. Insert the bobbin case (2) into the rotary hook.
- 4. Push latch (9) of the rotary hook flat.
- 5. Close the slide plates.

- There is an anti-spin spring (10) inside the rotary hook. The anti-spin spring (10) prevents the bobbin from racing at times such as during thread trimming.
- Use bobbins (1) made of light alloy as specified by BROTHER.

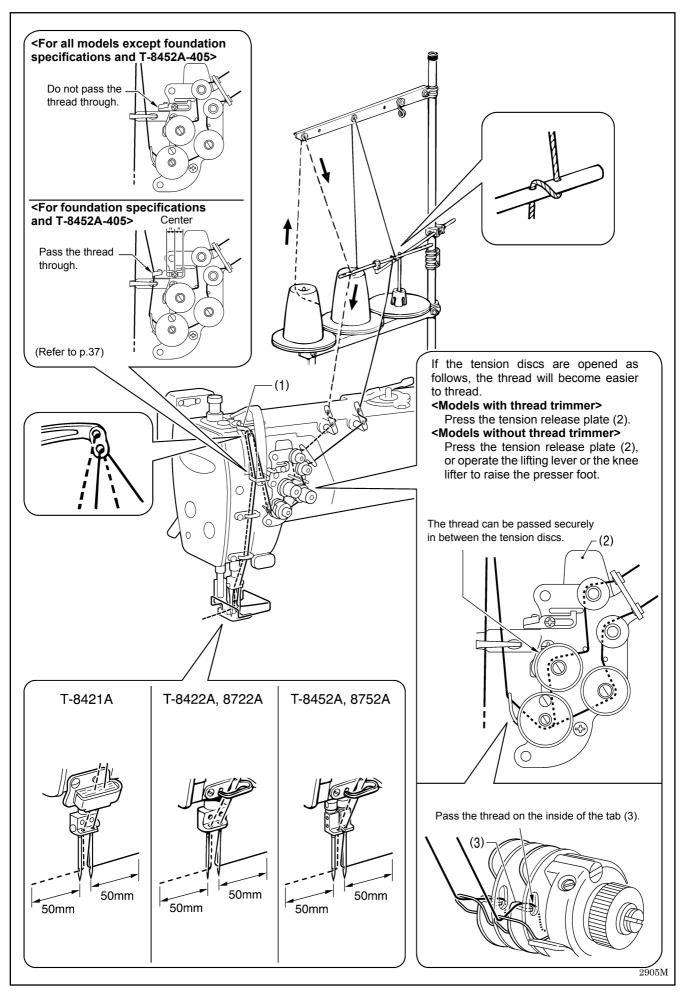
4-5. Threading the upper thread



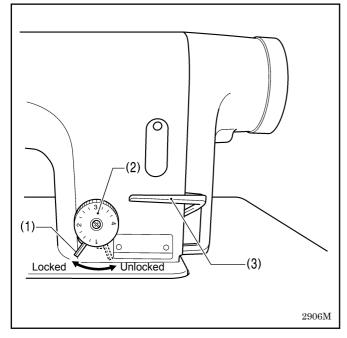
Turn off the power switch before threading the upper thread.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

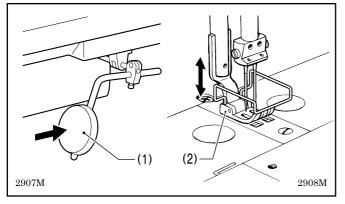
- Turn the machine pulley and raise the thread take-up (1) before threading the upper thread. This will make threading easier and it will prevent the thread from coming out at the sewing start.
- Thread the left-side thread first.



4-6. Adjusting the stitch length



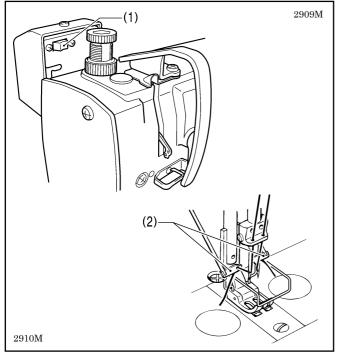
4-7. Using the knee lifter



- 1. Unlock the stitch length dial (2) by turning the dial lock lever (1) to the right until a click is heard.
- 2. Turn the stitch length dial (2) clockwise or counterclockwise so that the desired stitch length is at the uppermost position on the dial.
 - The larger the number, the longer the stitch length will be. (The numbers on the dial are for use as a guide. The length of the finished stitches may vary depending on the type and thickness of material being sewn. Adjust while looking at the finished stitches.)
 - When turning the stitch length dial (2) from a larger setting to a smaller setting, it will be easier to turn the dial if the reverse lever (3) is pushed to the halfwaydown position.
- 3. Turn the dial lock lever (1) firmly to the left to lock the stitch length dial (2).
- * Check that the stitch length dial (2) does not rotate.

The presser foot (2) can be raised by pressing the knee lifter plate (1).

4-8. Using the thread wiper (Models with thread trimmer only)



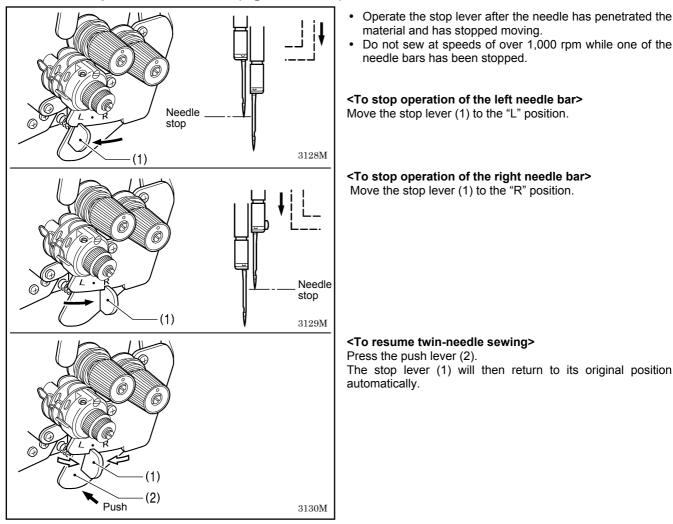
Press the thread wiper switch (1) to the side. After thread trimming is carried out, the thread wiper (2) will pull up the thread.

2209M

4-9. Corner sewing method (T-8452A, 8752A)

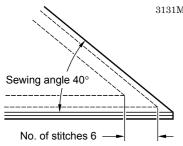
NOTE:

If using this machine in place of a single-needle machine, remove the needle which is not being used. In such cases, do not use the procedures given below to stop the unused needle bar from moving, otherwise damage to the machine may result.



4-9-1. To stop the needle bars (right and left)

4-9-2. Number of stitches: quick-reference guide



Sewing No. of angle Stitches	30°	40°	50°	60°	70°	80°	90°	100°	110°	120°	130°	140°
2					4.6	3.8	3.2	2.7	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.1
3			4.6	3.5	3.0	2.5	2.1	1.8	1.5	1.2		
4		4.4	3.4	2.8	2.3	1.9	1.6	1.3				
5	4.8	3.5	2.7	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3					
6	4.0	2.9	2.3	1.9	1.5	1.3						
7	3.7	2.5	2.0	1.6								
8	3.0	2.2	1.7									

<For 1/4" needle width>

Determine the stitch length from the chart above to make beautiful corner stitching.

The number of stitches of the outer needle varies according to the combination of sewing angle and stitch length.

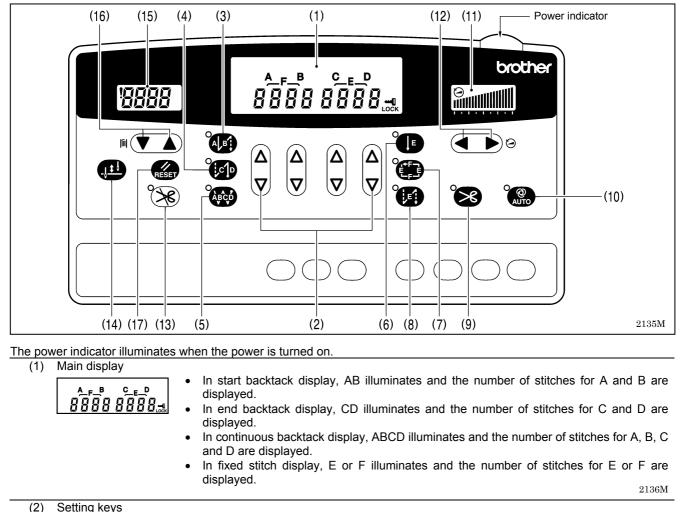
[Example]

For a sewing angle of 40° and a stitch length of 2.9 mm, the number of stitches becomes 6.

5. USING THE OPERATION PANEL (BASIC OPERATIONS)

5-1. Names and functions

- The operation panel keys cannot be operated while sewing is in progress. Select the keys and set the number of stitches before starting sewing.
- In the case of keys with indicators, the indicator illuminates when that function is operating, and the indicator switches off when the key is pressed once more.



 $\begin{bmatrix} \Delta \\ \nabla \end{bmatrix}$ These keys are used to set the number of backtack stitches for A, B, C and D and the number of fixed stitches for E and F. • When the Δ key is pressed, the setting increases from 0 up to 99.

When the ∇ key is pressed, the setting increases from 0 up to 99. When the ∇ key is pressed, the setting decreases from 99 down to 0.

vnen the V key is pressed, the setting decreases from 99 down to U. 2137M 2138M 2139M

(3) Start backtack key

Δ

Δ

Δ

Δ

Δ

Δ

(4) End backtack key

When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of start backtack stitches (0–99) in the A and B stitch number displays is sewn. 2140M

When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of end backtack stitches (0-99) in the C and D stitch number displays is sewn. When the treadle is depressed backward, end backtacking is carried out. (For models with thread trimmer, the thread is trimmed automatically.)

If the treadle has not yet been depressed backward, the end backtack function can be set to ON, the number of stitches can be changed and the function can be set back to OFF. 2141M

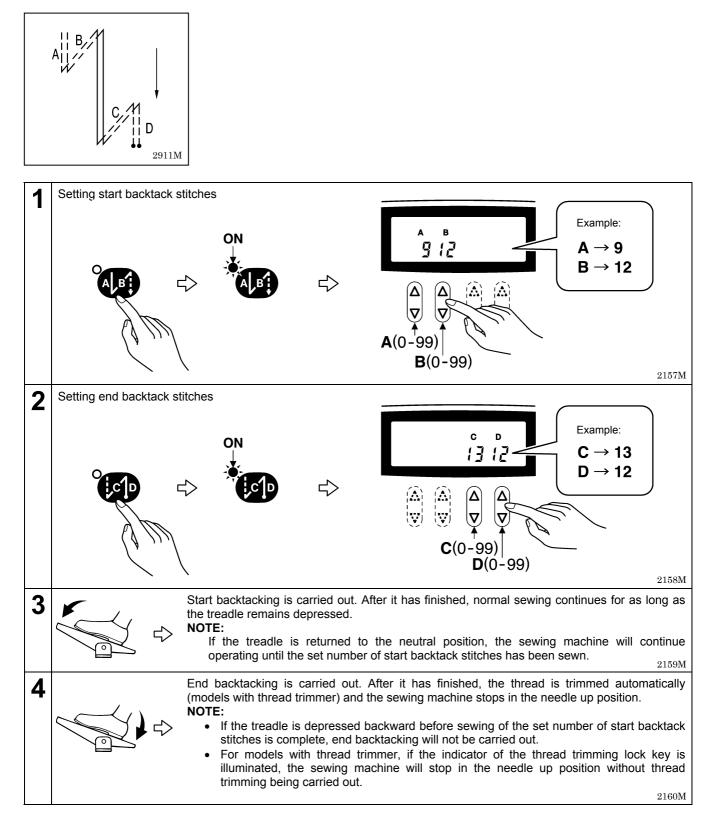
(5) Continuous backtack key

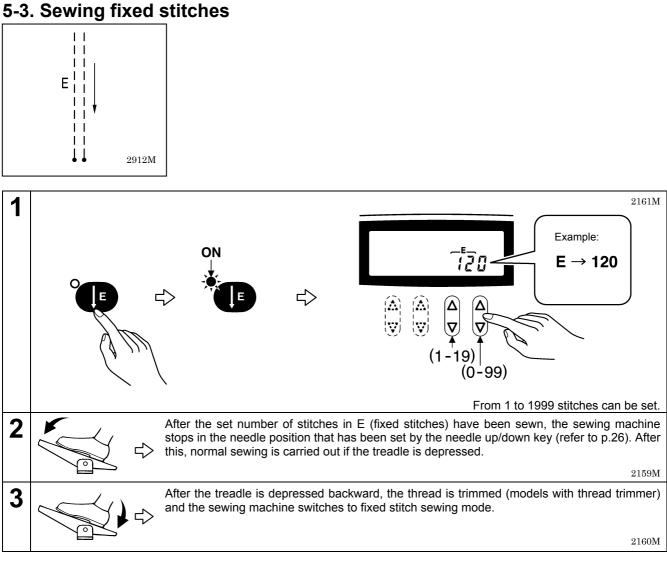
ABC

When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of backtack stitches (0-99) in the A, B, C and D stitch number displays is sewn continuously. The sewing machine sews a single cycle of A, B, C and D, and for models with thread trimmer, the thread is trimmed automatically. 2142M

(6)	Fixed stitch key	
(6)	° (E	When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of stitches (1–1999) in the E stitch number display is sewn, and then the sewing machine stops automatically. $$2143 \mathrm{M}$$
(7)	Name label key	When this have a present on that the indicator illuminator, fixed stitute sources of the propher
		When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, fixed stitch sewing of the number of stitches (1–1999) in the E and F stitch number displays is carried out repeatedly. 2144M
(8)	Pleat presser sewing k	xey
		When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the number of backtack stitches (1–1999) in the E stitch number display can be sewn by pressing the actuator.
(9)	Thread trimming key (2145M Models with thread trimmer only)
		 This can only be set for use together with the fixed stitch key (6) or the name label key (7). When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the set number of stitches (start or end backtack stitches or fixed stitches) are sewn, and then the thread is trimmed automatically.
(10)	AUTO key	2146M
(10)		 This can only be set for use together with the continuous backtack key (5), the fixed stitch key (6) or the name label key (7). When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the set number of stitches (start or end backtack stitches or fixed stitches) are sewn automatically and the thread is then trimmed (models with thread trimmer only) simply by depressing the treadle once.
(11)	Sewing speed control	
()		 This shows the sewing speed when the treadle is depressed to the maximum amount. If all bars are illuminated, it indicates that the maximum speed can be set. If all bars are switched off, it indicates the minimum speed (220 rpm).
(12)	Sewing speed control	 keys These keys let you adjust the sewing speed that is used when the treadle is depressed to the maximum amount. The sewing speed can also be adjusted while sewing is in progress. When the ▶ key is pressed, the sewing speed becomes faster. When the ◀ key is pressed, the sewing speed becomes slower.
(13)	Thread trimming lock	(Models with thread trimmer only)
	X	 When this key is pressed so that the indicator illuminates, the sewing machine stops in the needle up position without thread trimming being carried out even if the treadle is depressed backward. If the indicator of the thread trimming key (9) is illuminated, the sewing machine stops in the needle up position without thread trimming being carried out after the set number of stitches have been sewn.
(14)	Half stitch key	
		When the sewing machine is stopped, the needle bar can be moved up and down by pressing this key. $$_{\rm 2153M}$$
(15)	Lower thread counter	display
. /	8888	This shows the lower thread counter value. The counter is reduced by "1" for every ten stitches sewn. 2154M
(16)	Lower thread counter	
(10)		These keys are used to set the initial value for the lower thread counter. (Refer to p.25.) 2155M
(17)	RESET key	
- *	RESET	This key is used to return the lower thread counter to its initial value and to cancel warning conditions. (Refer to p.25.) $$^{2156\rm M}$$

5-2. Sewing start and end backtack stitches





<Automatic thread trimming (Models with thread trimmer only)>



Press the thread trimming key to turn on the thread trimming function. When the treadle is continuously depressed, thread trimming is carried out after the fixed stitches have been sewn.

<Automatic sewing>



When the AUTO key is pressed to turn on the automatic sewing function, the fixed stitches are sewn simply by depressing the treadle once without needing to depress it continuously.

<Start and end backtack sewing>

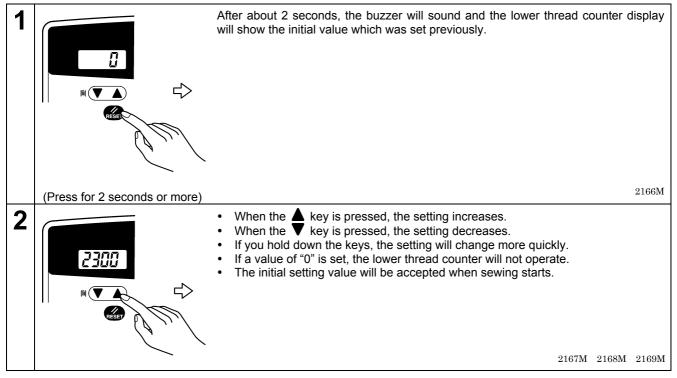


- The start backtack key and end backtack key can be pressed to turn on the backtack sewing function.
- If changing the number of end backtack stitches in C and D, press the fixed stitch key to temporarily turn off the fixed stitch function before making the change. (The CD display will show the number of stitches and the setting can then be changed.)

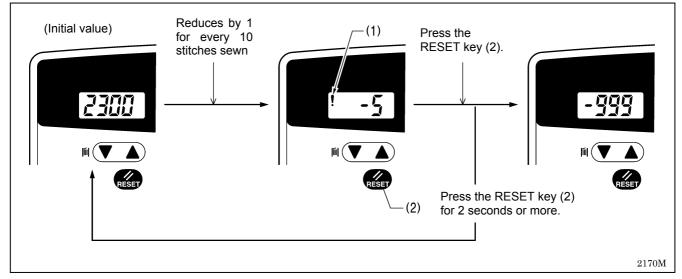
5-4. Using the lower thread counter

- The lower thread counter can be used to let you know approximately how much lower thread is remaining.
- The value displayed by the lower thread counter display is reduced by 1 from the initial setting value each time the sewing
 machine sews 10 stitches, and a warning is given when the counter reaches "-5".

<Initial value setting>



<Lower thread counter operation>

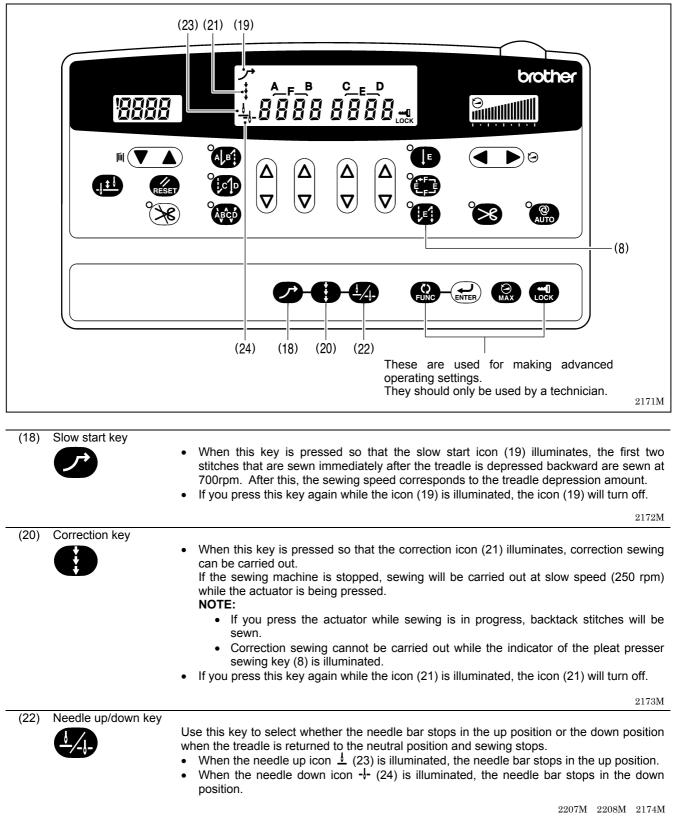


- 1. When sewing is carried out, the value shown in the lower thread counter display is reduced by 1 for every 10 stitches sewn. (After the value reaches zero "0", a minus sign appears and counting continues to a maximum of "-999".)
- 2. When the value is "-5" or less, a warning icon (1) illuminates and an electronic buzzer sounds for 5 seconds.
- 3. After the treadle returns to the neutral position and the sewing machine stops, the sewing machine will not start up again even if the treadle is depressed. However, if the treadle is depressed backward, the thread is trimmed (models with thread trimmer) and the sewing machine stops in the needle up stop position.
- If you press the RESET key (2), the warning icon (1) will disappear and sewing will be possible when the treadle is depressed.
- If you press and hold the RESET key (2) for 2 seconds or more, the display will return to the initial value.

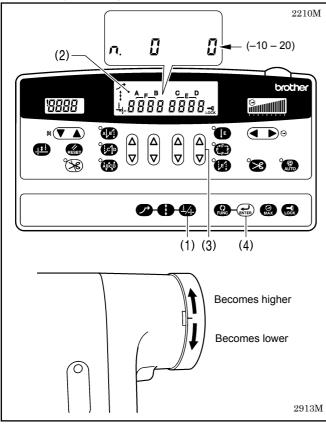
6. USING THE OPERATION PANEL (ADVANCED OPERATIONS)

The operations described in this section should only be carried out by a technician.

6-1. Names and functions



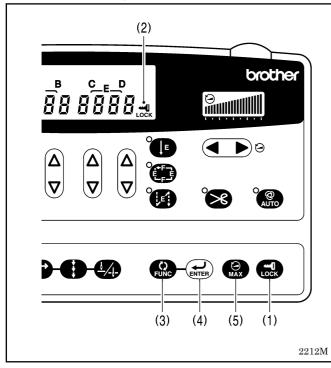
6-2. Adjusting the needle up stop position



- 1. While pressing the needle up/down key (1), turn on the power switch.
- "n.0 xx" will appear in the main display (2). ("xx" is the setting value for the needle up stop position, and "0" is the default setting.)
- 3. Press the \triangle or ∇ key (3) to change the setting value for the needle up stop position.
 - If you press the ∆ key, the setting value will increase up to 20 and the needle up stop position will become lower.
 - If you press the √key, the setting value will decrease down to -10 and the needle up stop position will become higher.
- 4. Press the ENTER key (4) for two seconds or more. A long buzzer will sound and the main display (2) will change to stitch number display mode. (This completes the needle up stop position setting.)
- * A setting value of "10" corresponds to an angle of rotation of approximately 10° for the upper shaft.

2138M 2139M

6-3. LOCK key



When the power switch is turned on, the LOCK key (1) turns ON. (The icon (2) is illuminated.)

In this state, the following three key operations are invalid so that setting values cannot be changed accidentally.

FUNC key (3)

This key is used to make settings for various functions.

ENTER key (4)

This key is used to accept function settings.

MAX key (5)

This key is used to change the maximum sewing speed.

^r Refer to the Service Manual for details on using these keys.

6-4. Resetting all settings to their defaults

While holding down the RESET key, turn on the power switch.

If you press the ENTER key, the settings will then be reset.

Once the settings have been reset, "iniT ALL" appears in the display and the operation panel settings are reset to their factory default settings.

Once the above display appears, normal operation will then be possible.

7. SEWING



Attach all safety devices before using the sewing machine. If the machine is used without these devices attached, injury may result.

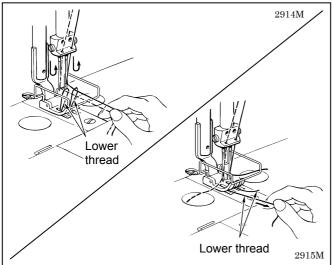
Turn off the power switch at the following times.

- The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.
- When threading the needle
- When replacing the bobbin and needle
 - When not using the machine and when leaving the machine unattended

Do not touch any of the moving parts or press any objects against the machine while sewing, as this may result in personal injury or damage to the machine.

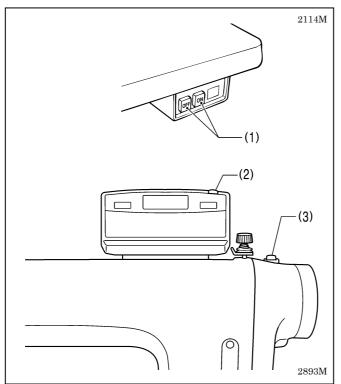
Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.

7-1. Sewing

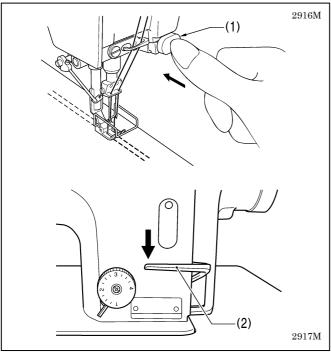


- While holding the two upper threads with your fingers, turn the machine pulley by hand toward you until the lower threads come out onto the feed dog.
 Pull the lower threads toward you and check that they pull
- 2. Pull the lower threads toward you and check that they pull out smoothly.

- 3. Press the ON power switch (1).
 - The power indicator (2) and (3) will illuminate.
- 4. Use the operating panel to carry out the programming which is necessary for sewing. (Refer to the chapter on "5. using the operating panel".)
- 5. Depress the treadle to start sewing.



7-2. Backtacking



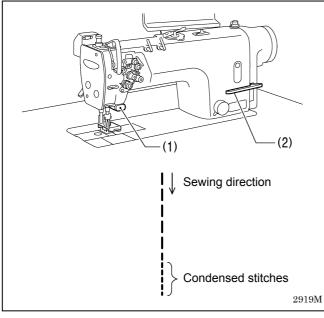
2918M

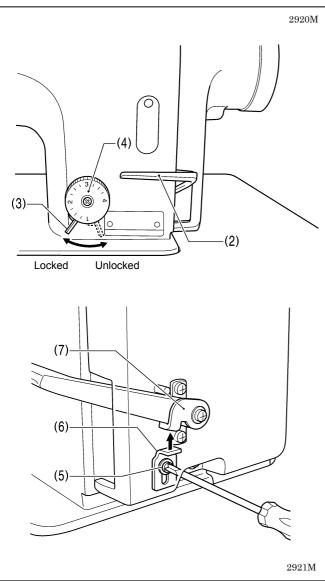
When the actuator (1) or the reverse lever (2) is pressed during sewing, the feed direction will be reversed. When it is released, the feed direction will return to normal.

<Actuator rotation function>

The actuator can be rotated 90 degrees as shown in the illustration. Select the position (A or B) that is easier to use.

7-3. Sewing condensed stitches





- If you press the actuator (1) or the reverse lever (2) while sewing is in progress, you can sew stitches (forward direction) with small stitch lengths.
- Before carrying out sewing, set the stitch length for condensed stitches as follows.

<Setting>

- 1. Unlock the stitch length dial (4) by turning the dial lock lever (3) to the right.
- 2. Turn the stitch length dial (4) to the stitch length to be used for condensed stitches.
- 3. Loosen the screw (5) and lift up the stopper (6) until it touches the reverse stitching lever plate (7).
- 4. Tighten the screw (5) to secure the stopper (6).

<Sewing>

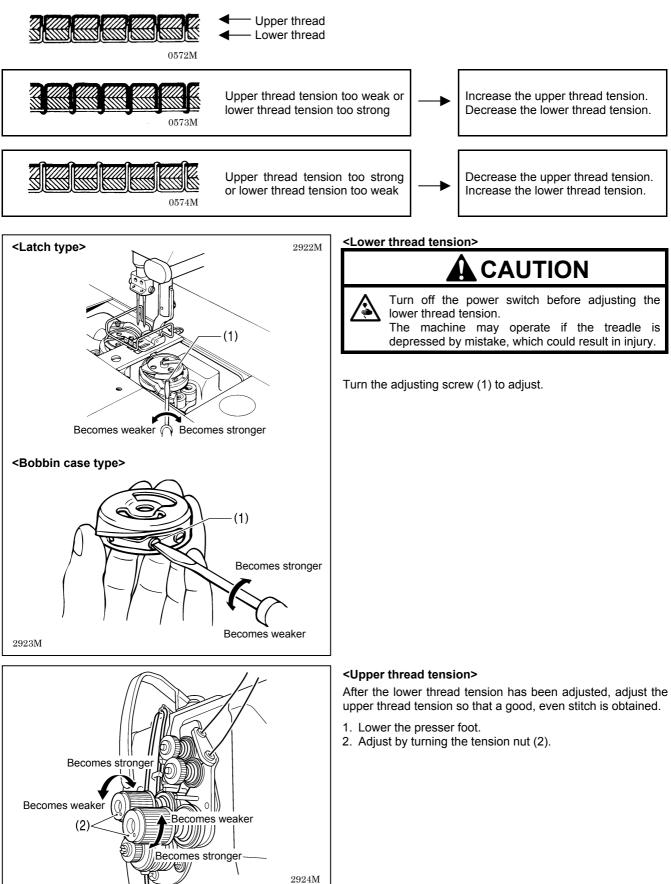
- 1. Return the stitch length dial (4) to the stitch length for normal sewing.
- 2. Turn the dial lock lever (3) firmly to the left to lock the stitch length dial (4).
- 3. Start sewing.
- 4. At the position where you would like to start sewing condensed stitches, press the actuator (1) or the reverse lever (2).

(Condensed stitches are sewn while the actuator (1) or reverse lever (2) is being pressed.)

^t To stop sewing condense stitches and return to using the backtack function, lower the stopper (6) so that it does not touch the reverse stitching lever plate (7).

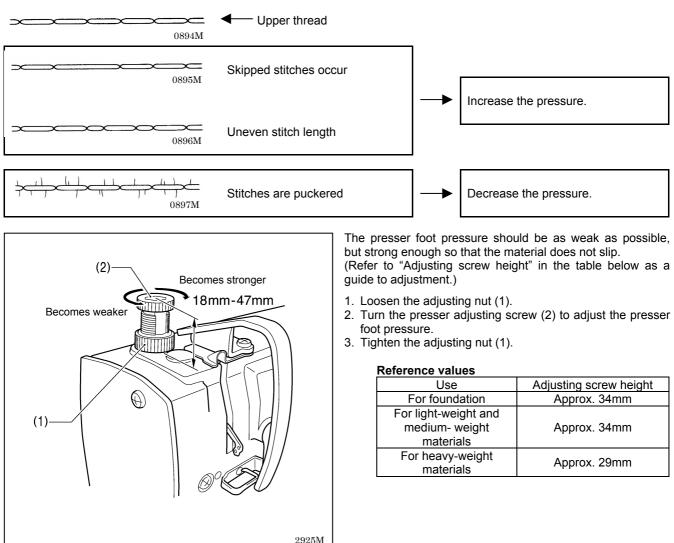
8. THREAD TENSION 8-1. Adjusting the thread tension

Good even stitches

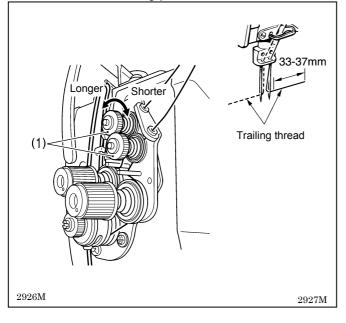


8-2. Adjusting the presser foot pressure

Correct stitches



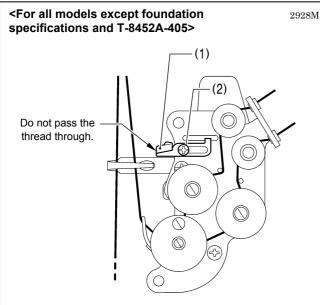
8-3. Adjusting the trailing length after thread trimming (Models with thread trimmer only)



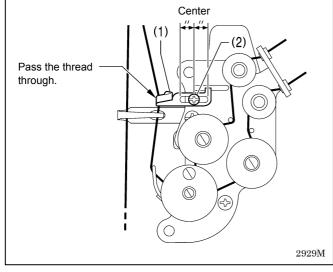
- At the time of thread trimming, the thread tension is loosened and tension is applied by the pretension (1) only.
- The standard trailing length for the upper thread is 33–37 mm.
- If the tension of the pretension (1) is increased, the lengths of the threads trailing from the needle tips will be reduced; if the tension is reduced, the lengths will be increased.

Adjust by turning the pretension (1).

8-4. Adjusting the thread take-up amount



<For foundation specifications and T-8452A-405>



The thread take-up amount is adjusted by how the thread is passed through the thread amount adjuster (1).

<Using the standard thread amount adjuster (1)>

For all models except foundation specifications and T-8452A-405

Do not pass the thread through the thread amount adjuster (1). Loosen the screw (2) and slide the thread amount adjuster (1) to the right-side position.

For foundation specifications and T-8452A-405

Pass the thread through the thread amount adjuster (1). The standard position of the thread amount adjuster (1) is when the screw (2) is in the center of the adjustment range.

<Adjusting the thread take-up amount>

When the thread has been passed through the thread amount adjuster (1), the thread take-up amount becomes less when the thread amount adjuster (1) is moved to the right.

It is better not to pass the thread through the thread amount adjuster (1):

- When sewing heavy materials using a sewing machine with foundation specifications
- When the thread take-up amount is not enough, such as when the stitch length is increased

It is better to pass the thread through the thread amount adjuster (1):

- When sewing with slippery threads such as synthetic yarns
- · When sewing light materials
- When sewing with a stitch length of 2 mm or less
- When sewing under any of the above three conditions and you would like to prevent skipped stitches, thread tightening problems such as looping, or thread breakages

9. CLEANING



Turn off the power switch before carrying out cleaning.

The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves when handling the lubricating oil and grease, so that they do not get into your eyes or onto your skin, otherwise inflammation can result. Furthermore, do not drink the oil or eat the grease under any circumstances, as they can cause vomiting and

diarrhea.

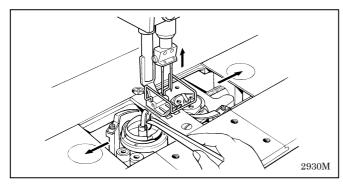
Keep the oil out of the reach of children.

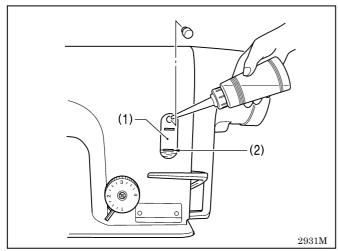
Use both hands to hold the machine head when tilting it back or returning it to its original position. If only one hand is used, the weight of the machine head may cause your hand to slip, and your hand may get caught.

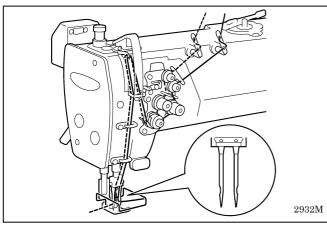
9-1. Daily cleaning procedures

The following cleaning operations should be carried out each day in order to maintain the performance of this machine and to ensure a long service life.

Furthermore, if the sewing machine has not been used for a long period of time, carry out the following cleaning procedures before using it again.







<Cleaning>

- 1. Turn the machine pulley to move the needle to the needle up stop position.
- 2. Open the slide plates at the left and right.
- 3. Remove the bobbin.
- 4. Clean the thread scraps from the rotary hook.
- 5. Install the bobbin (and the bobbin case).

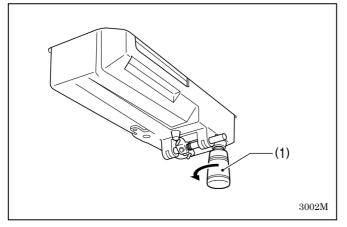
<Filling the oil tank>

Use only the lubricating oil (Nisseki Mitsubishi Sewing Lube 10N; VG10) specified by Brother.

- * If this type of lubricating oil is difficult to obtain, the recommended oil to use is <Exxon Mobil Essotex SM10; VG10>.
- 1. If the lubricating oil level drops below the bottom reference line (2) of the oil gauge window (1), be sure to add more oil. (Refer to p.9.)

<Checking>

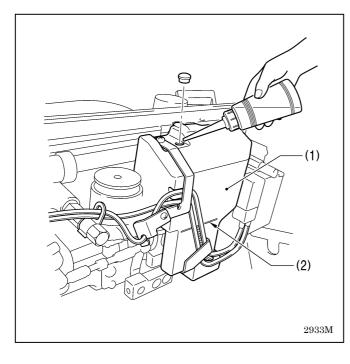
- 1. Replace the needle if it is bent or if the tip is broken.
- 2. Check that the upper threads have been threaded correctly. (Refer to page 22.)
- 3. Carry out a test sewing.



<Draining lubricating oil>

- 1. If the oiler (1) has filled with oil, unscrew the oiler (1) and dispose of the oil inside it.
- 2. Screw the oiler (1) back into the oil pan.

9-2. Lubricating via the oil cover (every 6 months)



<Minimum lubrication specifications>

Pour lubricating oil into the oil cover (1) about once every six months.

<Semi dry specifications>

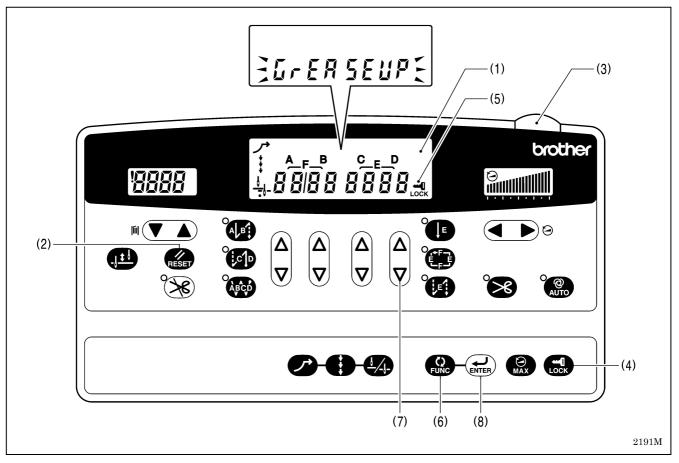
Pour lubricating oil into the oil cover (1) about as often as grease is applied.

Use only the lubricating oil (Nisseki Mitsubishi Sewing Lube 10N; VG10) specified by Brother.

- * If this type of lubricating oil is difficult to obtain, the recommended oil to use is <Exxon Mobil Essotex SM10; VG10>.
- 1. Tilt back the machine head.
- 2. Pour lubricating oil into the oil cover (1) until the oil level reaches the reference line (2). (Refer to p.9.)
- 3. Return the machine head to its normal position.

9-3. Applying grease ---- When "GREASEUP" appears (Semi dry specifications)

If "GREASEUP" flashes on the main display (1) and a buzzer sounds when the power switch is turned on, it means that grease needs to be applied. (The sewing machine will not operate at this time, even if the treadle is depressed.) Apply grease while referring to the following page.



<To continue sewing temporarily without applying grease>

1. Press the RESET key (2).

2. The main display (1) will change to stitch number display mode, and sewing will be possible when the treadle is depressed. (The power indicator (3) will flash.)

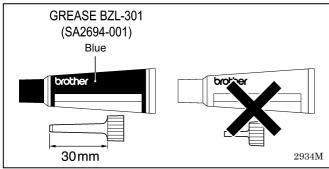
NOTE

- If you do not apply grease when the "GREASEUP" notification appears, the notification will continue to appear and the power indicator (3) will flash each time the power is turned on until you reset the notification by carrying out the procedure on the following page.
- If you continue to use the sewing machine after the "GREASEUP" notification appears without applying grease (or without carrying out the reset procedure), "Err100" will appear after a certain period of time and the sewing machine will be forcibly prevented from operating for safety reasons.

If this happens, apply grease and carry out the reset procedure.

* If you continue to use the sewing machine after carrying out the reset procedure but without applying grease, problems with the sewing machine may result.

<Applying grease>

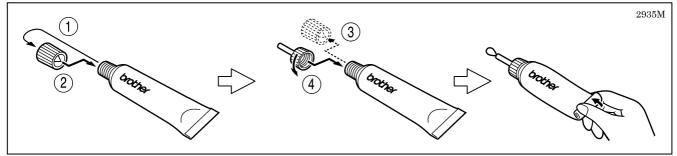


NOTE:

- Use only the grease <BZL-301 (SA2694-001) in the blue tube> specified by Brother.
- Do not use the BZL-300 (SA2355-001) grease in the **white tube** with this sewing machine.
- Do not use the BZL-301 (SA2694-001) grease in the blue tube for any models except for those which are indicated with "Use only the grease <BZL-301 (SA2694-001)> specified by Brother".

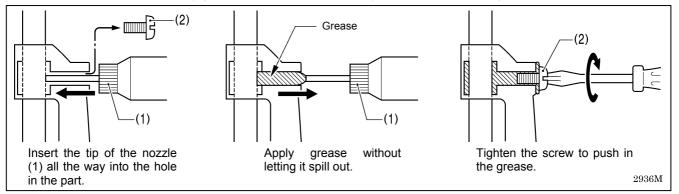
Purchase the grease unit (SA2693-001) to use for applying grease.

1. Using the tube



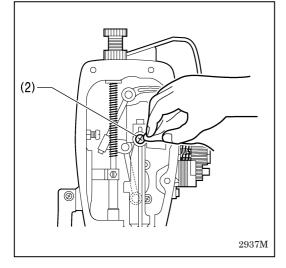
2. Applying grease

Follow the procedure below to apply grease to the places indicated by arrows on the next page.



1. Turn the power switch to "OFF".

- 2. Remove the screw (2). (Refer to the next page for greasing locations.)
- 3. Apply grease to each of the holes until the grease overflows slightly.
- 4. Tighten the screw (2) to push in the grease.



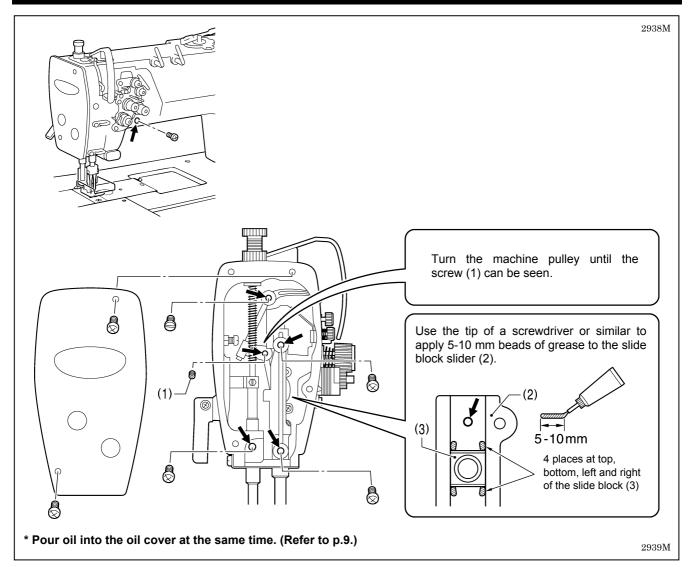
- 5. Use a cloth to wipe away any excess grease from around the screw (2).
- 6. Apply grease to all locations shown on the next page in the same way.
- 7. Carry out the reset procedure given on the next page.

NOTE:

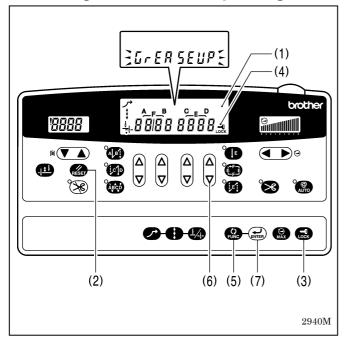
- Once the grease tube has been opened, remove the nozzle from the tube, attach the cap securely and store the tube in a cool dark place.
- · The grease should be used as quickly as possible.
- When using the grease again, remove any old grease from inside the nozzle first.

(Store the tube away carefully once the tube has been opened, otherwise the grease remaining inside the tube may deteriorate, and this may affect its lubricating performance.)

9. CLEANING



<Resetting the cumulative operating time>



After the grease has been applied, carry out the following procedure to reset the cumulative time between grease applications.

- 1. Turn the power switch to "ON". "GREASEUP" will flash in the main display (1) and the buzzer will sound.
- 2. Press the RESET key (2). The main display (1) will change to stitch number display mode.
- Press and hold the LOCK key (3) for 2 seconds or more. The lock icon (4) will switch off and the lock will be released.
- 4. Press the FUNC (Function) key (5). "n.134 xxx" will appear in green in the main display (1).
- (xxx represents the time between grease applications.) 5. Drace the rightmost ∇ (e). The "ww" will observe
- 5. Press the rightmost ∇ key (6). The "xxx" will change to "0".
- 6. Press and hold the ENTER key (7) for two seconds or more.

The buzzer will make a long beep, and then the main display (1) will change to stitch number display mode.

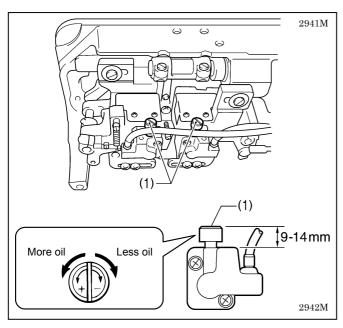
- 7. Depress the treadle to run the sewing machine for 1 second or more.
- 8. Turn the power switch to "OFF". (This completes the reset procedure.)

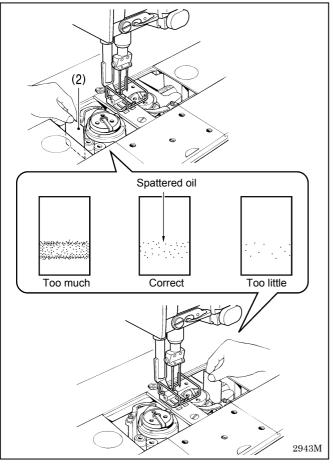
2139M

10. ADJUSTING THE ROTARY HOOK LUBRICATION AMOUNT

Be careful not to touch your fingers or the lubrication amount check sheet against moving parts such as the rotary hook or the feed mechanism when checking the amount of oil supplied to the rotary hook, otherwise injury may result.

Use the following procedure to check the amount of oil being supplied to the rotary hook when replacing the rotary hook or when changing the sewing speed.





<Guide to lubrication adjustment>

- 1. Tilt back the machine head.
- 2. Turn the oil adjusting screw (1) to adjust the height to within 9-14 mm.

<Checking the lubrication amount>

- 1. Turn off the power switch.
- 2. Remove the thread from all points from the thread take-up to the needle.
- 3. Remove the needle and the bobbin.
- 4. Use the lifting lever to lift the presser foot.
- 5. Turn on the power switch.
- 6. Run the machine at the normal sewing speed for approximately 1 minute without sewing any material (following the same start/stop pattern as when actually sewing).
- 7. Place the lubrication amount check sheet (2) to the left of the rotary hook (the right side is the right side of the rotary hook), and hold it in place while running the sewing machine at the normal sewing speed for approximately 8 seconds. (Any type of paper can be used as the lubrication amount check sheet (2).)
- 8. Check the amount of oil which has spattered onto the sheet.

<Adjusting the lubrication amount>

- 1. Tilt back the machine head.
- 2. Turn the adjusting screw (1) to adjust the lubrication amount.
 - If the rotary hook adjusting screw (1) is turned counterclockwise, the lubrication amount becomes greater.
 - If the rotary hook adjusting screw (1) is turned clockwise, the lubrication amount becomes smaller.
- Check the lubrication amount again according to the procedure given in "Checking the lubrication amount" above.
 - * Turn the adjusting screw (1) and check the lubrication amount repeatedly until the lubrication amount is correct.
- 4. Check the lubrication amount again after the sewing machine has been used for approximately two hours.

11. TROUBLESHOOTING

- · Please check the following points before calling for repairs or service.
- If the following remedies do not fix the problem, turn off the power switch and consult a qualified technician or the place of purchase.

A DANGER

Wait at least 5 minutes after turning off the power switch and disconnecting the power cord from the wall outlet before opening the face plate of the control box. Touching areas where high voltages are present can result in severe injury.

Turn off the power switch and disconnect the power cord before carrying out troubleshooting. The machine may operate if the treadle is depressed by mistake, which could result in injury.

11-1. Sewing

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Items with a "*" in the "Page" column should only be checked by a qualified technician.

Problem		Possible cause	Page
1	Upper thread is not tight.	 Has the thread been threaded incorrectly? If the thread is threaded incorrectly, thread it correctly. 	18-22
		 Is the upper thread tension or lower thread tension too weak? Adjust the upper thread tension or lower thread tension. 	35
		 Is the thread take-up spring operating range too small? Lower the position of the stopper. 	*
	Lower thread is not tight.		
	<u> 3 Kalender</u> Kalender	If using a sewing machine with medium-weight material specifications, poor thread tightening may occur depending on the type of material being sewn. In such cases, replace the presser foot with one that has slots on the underside, or replace the feed dog with a grooved feed dog.	
		Slot Grooves	
	0574M 0573M	2944M	
2	Loops appear in seam.	 Is the thread path not smooth enough? Use a file with a fine grain or sandpaper to polish smooth the thread path. 	
	<u>BEEGEE EN E</u>	 Is the bobbin not turning smoothly? Pull out the lower thread to check that there is no slackness in the thread tension, or replace the bobbin or bobbin case. 	
	0977M	 Is the thread take-up amount too large? Adjust the thread take-up amount. 	37

11. TROUBLESHOOTING

	Object of the last			
3	Skipped stitches occur while sewing	•	Is the needle tip bent? Is the needle tip blunt? If the needle tip is bent or broken, replace the needle.	
		•	Is the needle properly installed? If it is incorrect, install the needle correctly.	16
		•	Is the machine properly threaded? If it is incorrect, thread the thread correctly.	18-22
		•	Is the presser foot pressure too weak? Adjust the presser foot pressure.	36
		•	Is the needle too thin? Replace the needle with a needle that is one rank thicker.	
		•	Is the presser foot too high? Adjust the height of the presser foot.	*
		•	Is the thread take-up spring too weak? Adjust the tension of the thread take-up spring.	*
	2945M	•	Is the thread take-up amount too large? Adjust the thread take-up amount.	37
4	Skipped stitches at sewing	•	Is the thread take-up spring tension too strong?	51
	start Thread unravelling at	•	Reduce the tension of the thread take-up spring. Is the thread take-up spring operating range too large?	*
	sewing start		Raise the position of the stopper. Are the trailing lengths of the upper threads too short after thread	*
	\bigwedge		trimming? Adjust the pretension.	36
		•	Are the threads not being trimmed cleanly?	30
			Sharpen the fixed knives, or replace the fixed and movable knives if necessary.	*
		•	Is the needle too wide? Try using a needle with a count that is one lower than the current needle.	
		•	Is the sewing speed too fast at the sewing start? Use the slow start feature.	30
		•	Is the needle up stop position too high? Adjust the needle up stop position.	31
		•	Is the lower thread pressed by the plate spring (1) after thread trimming?	
			If the lower thread is not pressed by the plate spring (1), adjust the installation position of the movable knife (2).	*
			2947M	
		•	If sewing light or medium-weight materials, is a presser foot with slots on the underside or grooved feed dog being used? Use a presser foot without slots. Use a feed dog without grooves.	
			Slot Grooves	
	2946M		2944M	
1		<u>.</u>		

T-8421A, 8422A, 8452A, 8722A, 8752A

	Problem	Possible cause	Page
5	Uneven seam	 Is the presser foot pressure too weak? Adjust the presser foot pressure. Is the feed dog too low? 	36
	F=	Adjust the feed dog height.	*
		 Is the bobbin scratched? If the bobbin is damaged, smooth it with an oiled grindstone or replace it. 	
	2948M		
6	Large degree of puckering (excess tension)	 Is the upper thread tension too strong? Make the upper thread tension as weak as possible. 	35
	\sim	 Is the lower thread tension too strong? Make the lower thread tension as weak as possible. 	35
		 Are the thread take-up spring tensions too strong? Make the thread take-up spring tension as weak as possible. 	*
		 Is the thread take-up spring operating range too large? Move the stopper to as high a position as possible. 	*
		Is the presser foot pressure too strong? Adjust the presser foot pressure.	36
		Is the sewing speed too fast?	
		Use the sewing speed control keys to gradually reduce the sewing speed.	26
	2949M	 Is the thread take-up amount too small? Adjust the thread take-up amount. 	37
7	Material slippage	Is the presser foot pressure too strong? Adjust the presser foot pressure.	36
0	2950M	. Is the helphic criminal direction correct when the lower thread is	
8	Lower thread is tangled at the sewing start. Spinning of bobbin during thread trimming	 Is the bobbin spinning direction correct when the lower thread is being pulled? Set the bobbin so that it turns in the opposite direction to the rotary hook. 	19
	Lower	 Is there too much thread wound onto the bobbin? The bobbin winding amount should not be mean that 90 % 	40
		more that 80 %.Is the anti-spin spring attached? (Models with thread trimmer)	18
		 Attach the anti-spin spring. Is the bobbin turning smoothly? If the bobbin is not turning smoothly, replace the bobbin. 	19-20
		 Is a bobbin other that the light-alloy bobbins specified by Brother being used? 	
		Use only bobbins which are specified by Brother.	19-20
	$2951\mathrm{M}$	2124M	

	Problem	Possible cause	Page
9	Upper and lower threads are breaking.	 Is the needle bent or is the needle tip broken? Replace the needle if it is bent or broken. 	
		 Is the needle properly installed? If it is incorrect, install the needle correctly. 	16
	11.1	 Is the machine properly threaded? If it is incorrect, thread the thread correctly. 	18-22
		 Is the oil tank filled with lubricating oil? If the level of lubricating oil is below the bottom reference line, add more oil. 	9
	•	 Is the upper or lower thread tension too weak or too strong? Adjust the upper thread or lower thread tension. 	35
		 Is the rotary hook blocked with dust or thread scraps? Clean the rotary hook. 	38
		 Is the upper thread may be loose because the thread take-up spring operating range is too small? Adjust the position of the stopper. 	*
		 Is the rotary hook, feed dog or other part damaged? If they are damaged, smooth them with an oiled grindstone or replace the damaged parts. 	*
		 Is the thread path damaged? If the thread path is damaged, smooth it with sandpaper or replace the damaged part. 	*
	0471M	 Is the thread take-up amount correct? Adjust the thread take-up amount. 	37
10	Incorrect thread trimming	Is the movable knife damaged or bent? Replace the movable knife	*
11	Broken needles	 Is the material being pushed or pulled with excessive force during sewing? 	
		 Is the needle bent, is the needle tip broken, or is the needle hole blocked? 	
		Replace the needle.Does the needle drop into the center of the needle hole in the feed	16
		dog? Check the needle drop position. If the needle does not drop into the center of the needle hole in the feed dog, reinstall the feed	
	The second se	dog. If the needle bar has rotated, rotate the needle bar to the correct position.	*
	-	Caution	*
	0469M	 It is extremely dangerous to leave any pieces of broken needle sticking in the material. If the needle breaks, search for all pieces until the whole of the needle is found again. Furthermore, we recommend we recommend that through steps be taken to account for such needles to comply with product liability regulations. 	
12	Machine does not operate when power is turned on and treadle is pressed.	 Is the power supply connector disconnected from the control box? Insert the connector securely. 	13
		2952M	

	Problem	Possible cause	Page
13	Machine does not operate at high speed.	 Is the sewing speed setting or backtack speed setting incorrect? Use the sewing speed control keys to set the high speed. 	26
14	Machine stops during sewing.	 Is the fixed stitch key turned on? Press the fixed stitch key so that the indicator turns off. Is the power supply voltage too low? Check the power supply. (If the power cord is too long or too many appliances are being run from a single outlet, this may cause voltage drops which will in turn cause the reset function to activate and stop the machine, even if the power supply itself is normal.) 	26 *
15	Nothing appears on the operation panel display.	Is the power supply connector disconnected from the control box? Insert the connector securely.	13
		• Is the operation panel connector inside the control box disconnected? Insert the connector securely.	12*
16	"GREASEUP" flashes on the operation panel when the power is turned on.	 This display is to notify you that it is time to apply grease. Apply grease. 	40*

11-2. Error code displays



If an error code appears on the operation panel display

- 1. Make a note of the error code and then turn off the power.
- 2. After the operation panel display has turned off, eliminate the cause of the error and then turn the power back on.

2198M

Items with a "*" in the "Page" column should only be checked by a qualified technician.

Error code	Possible cause	Page
Err 1 (Overvoltage)	Does the power supply voltage match the control box voltage specifications? Check the voltage.	*
	Voltage rating label 2199M	
Err 2 (Overcurrent)	• Is the electrical equipment connector inside the control box disconnected? Insert the connector securely.	*
Err 3 (Encoder error)	Is the encoder connector inside the control box disconnected? Insert the connector securely.	12*
Err 4 (Motor lock)	Is the motor connector disconnected from the control box? Insert the connector securely.	13
	Has the machine locked up? Turn off the power and then turn the machine pulley by hand and check that it turns easily. 2953M	

Error code	Possible cause	Page
Err 5 (Safety switch operated)	 Is the machine connector inside the control box disconnected? Insert the connector securely. Is the machine head tilted back? 	12*
F 0	Return the machine head to its normal position. 3157M • Was the power turned on while the treadle was still depressed?	
Err 6 (Voltage drop)	Return the treadle to the neutral position, and then turn on the power switch.	
(Over time)	 This appears on the display when the sewing machine has been operating continuously for 3 minutes or more. Turn the power switch off and then back on again, and then operate the sewing machine normally. 	
Err 13 (Treadle unit error)	• Is the treadle unit connector inside the control box disconnected? Insert the connector securely.	*
Err 21 (Thermistor error)	• Is connector CN16 inside the control box disconnected? Insert the connector securely.	*
Err 100 (GrEASEUP)	 This appears on the display when the sewing machine has continued to be used for a certain period after the "GREASEUP" notification appears without the grease being applied (without the reset procedure being carried out). Apply grease and then carry out the reset procedure. 	40*
Err 101 (diP SW4)	 Is DIP switch No.4 inside the control box set to ON? Set DIP switch No.4 to OFF. 	×

If an error code that is not listed above appears, contact the place of purchase.





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